

## Nonlinear Plasma Phenomena: Observation of Relativistic Postsolitons and Rayleigh Taylor Like Instabilities

Alexander Sävert<sup>1,2</sup>, Carola Zepter<sup>1,3</sup>, Malte C. Kaluza<sup>1,3</sup>, Matt Zepf<sup>1,2,3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> *Helmholtz-Institute Jena, 07743 Jena, Germany,*

<sup>2</sup> *GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung GmbH, 64291 Darmstadt, Germany,*

<sup>3</sup> *Institute of Optics and Quantum Electronics, 07743 Jena, Germany.*

a.saevert@hi-jena.gsi.de

High intensity laser pulses with spatio-temporal aberrations give rise to a number of instabilities while propagating through an underdense plasma. A pulse front tilt, for example, can lead to a transverse oscillation of the laser pulse which leaves its imprint on the remaining plasma channel. The boundary surface of these modulated plasma channels is prone to Rayleigh Taylor like instabilities. Using few-cycle microscopy we were able to observe this phenomena. Furthermore, when the laser pulse has depleted its energy in the plasma and undergoes collapse, postsolitons can form. We investigated their evolution and observed coherent emission.

### Acknowledgments

This study was supported by DFG (Grants No. TR18 A12, No. B9, and No. KA 2869/2-1), BMBF (Contracts No. 05K10SJ2 and No. 03ZIK052).